



Can tailored stabilizers improve hot melt tack?

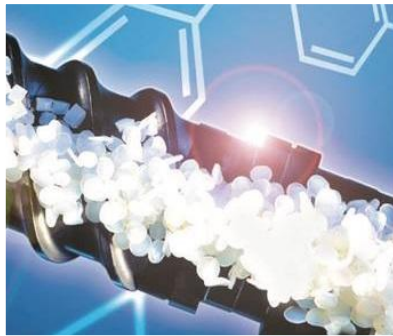
Dr. Bernd Hövel / Dr. Angelika Roser

Agenda

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- Why should we investigate in better stabilizations?
 - BASF additive heritage
 - Hot melt adhesive composition
 - Technical results
 - Summary
 - Conclusion

Impact of heat exposure on tack

Extrusion



Additives stabilize raw materials during the extrusion process against degradation

Storage



Storage of hot melt adhesives in liquid form can cause chain cleavage

Application



Application of hot melt adhesives at elevated temperature leads to product stress

End Use



Adhesives properties such as tack need to remain stable from production through end use

Thermal stress causes discontinuity in processes e.g. down time and adhesion failure

Why should we investigate in better stabilization?

Topics of growing importance

- Radiation Cure
- Lower melt temperatures
- Longer temperature resistance
- Higher bond strength

Focus: Adhesives with new properties

Traditional selection of stabilization

- Base material, e.g. EVA → Irganox[®] B 215
- Tackifier, e.g. rosin ester → Irganox[®] B 612

Focus: Control of oxidation

New: Stabilization of the hot melt **adhesion** is in focus

BASF competencies for superior process and performance



Combining product and application know-how for adhesives & sealants



Performance additives

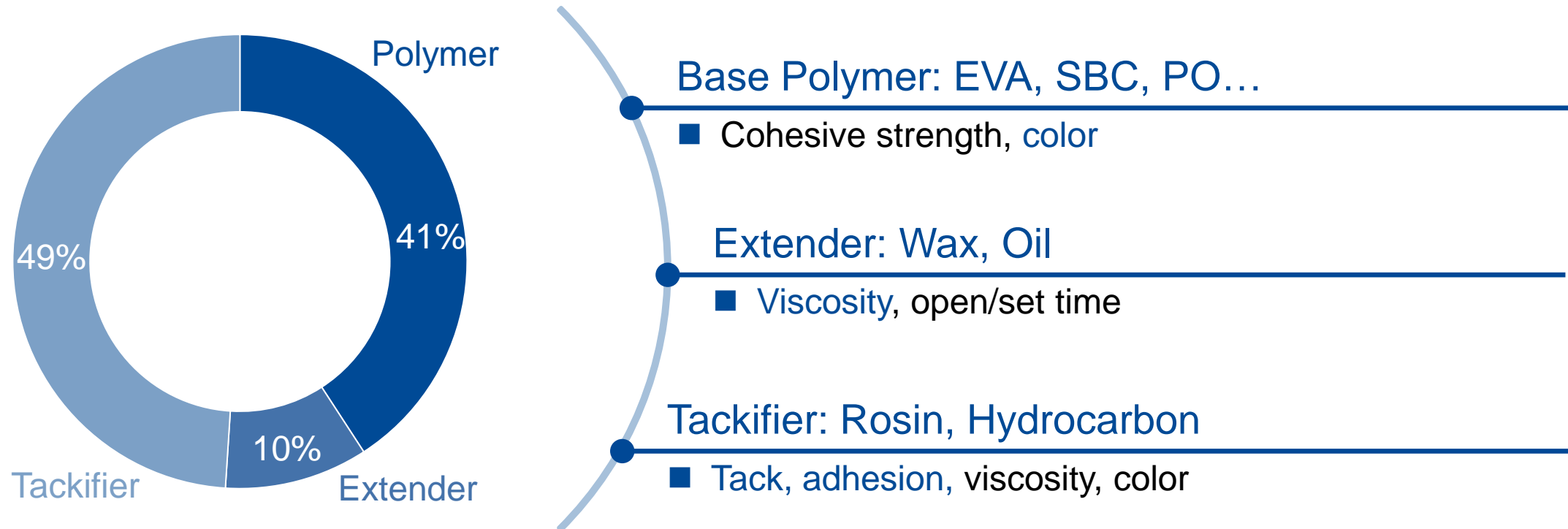


Adhesive raw materials



Hot melt adhesive components and their main attributes

PSA Formulation Example

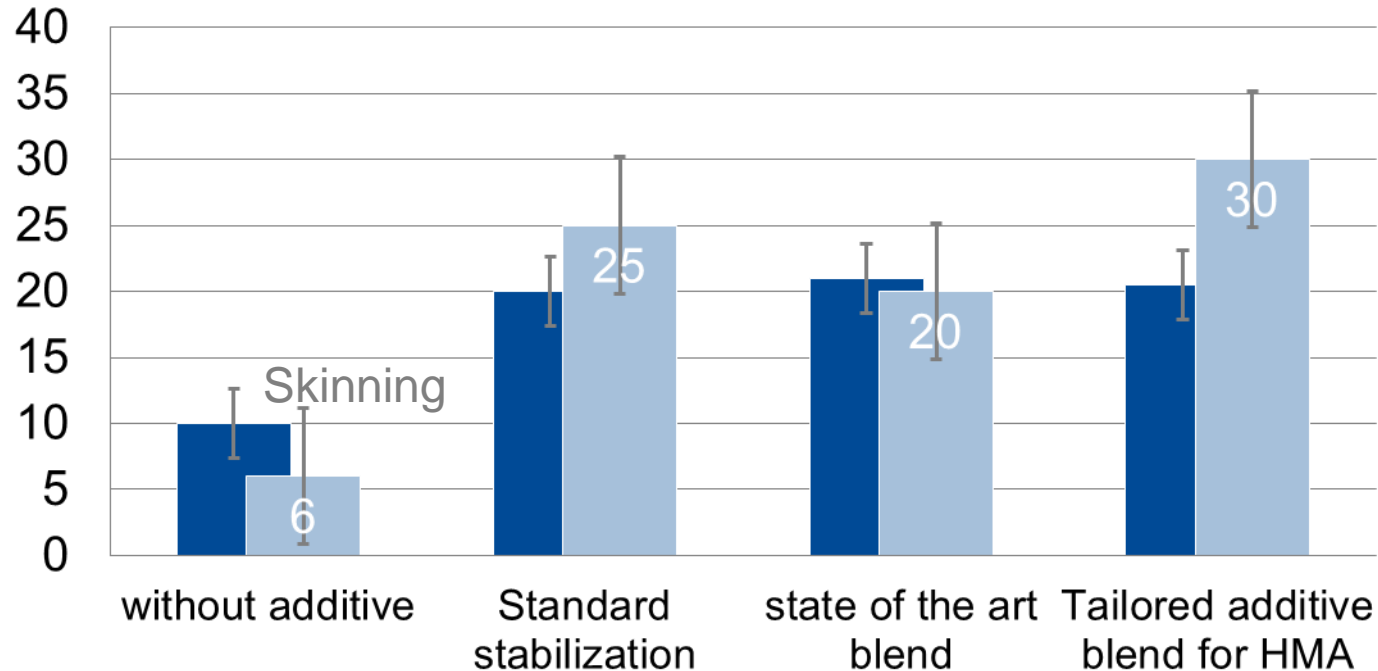


Stabilizer selection needs to take **all** components of the adhesive into account

Impact of stabilization on tack and viscosity

Remaining level of Tack/viscosity (%)

Relative values after 16 hrs at 177 °C



Test methodology

Traditional:

Heat Stability of HMA
ASTM D 4499-95 (Cycle I)

New:

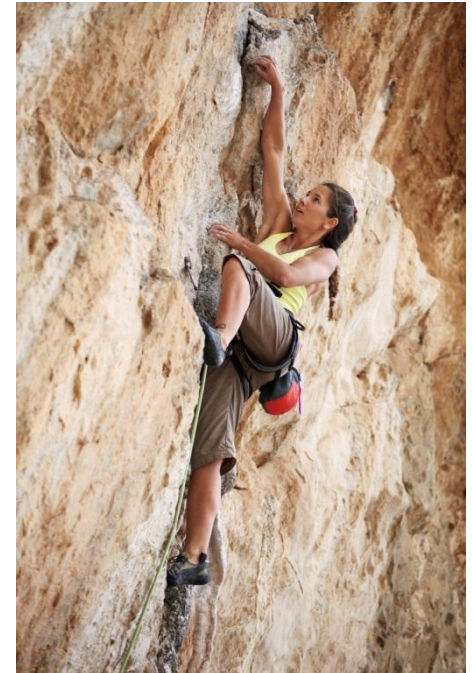
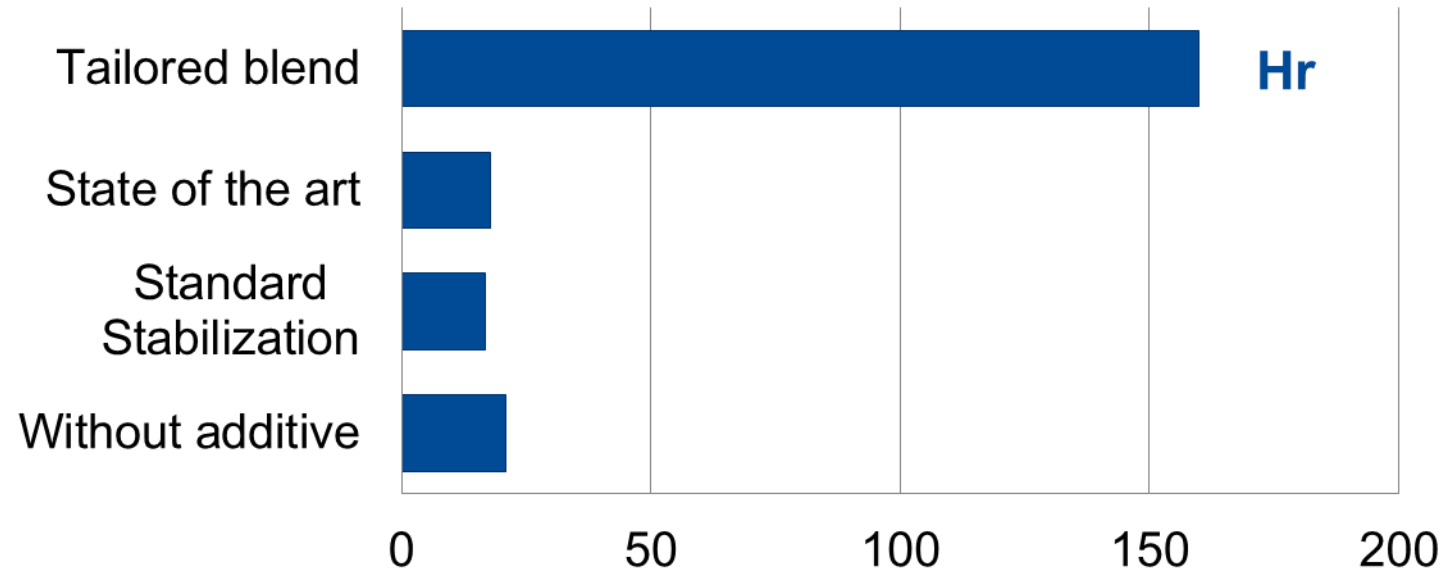
Including tack
ASTM D2979-95

■ Viscosity
■ Tack

Tack – the leading parameter for HMA performance optimization

Hot melt adhesion values

Shear Strength (FTM 8; 0,5 Kg / 12,5 mm)



Large improvements under critical conditions possible

Significant improvements for clear adhesive film

Focus topic: Color of hot melt adhesive (HMA)

8 hrs aging at 177 °C (ASTM D 4499)



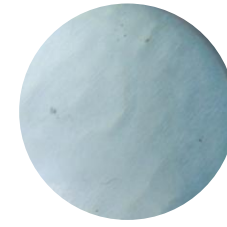
HMA
without
additive



Standard
stabilization



State
of the
art blend

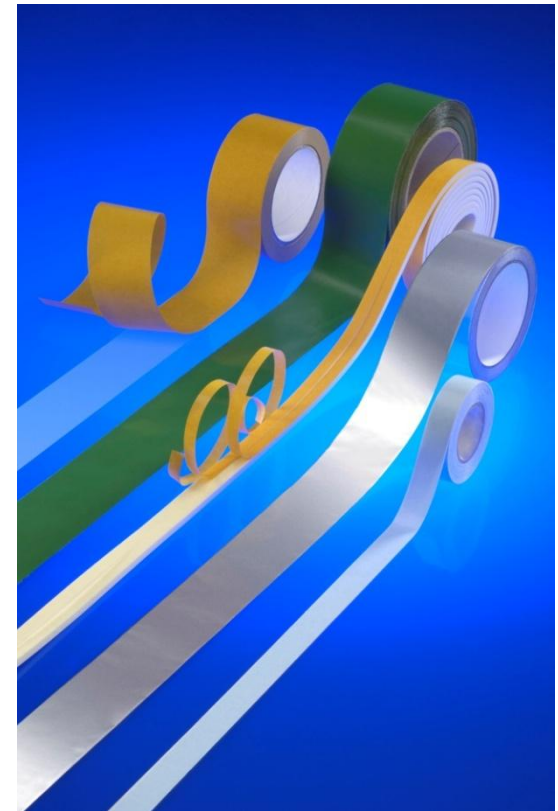


Tailored
blend















Large performance differences

Application Example:
adhesive tape

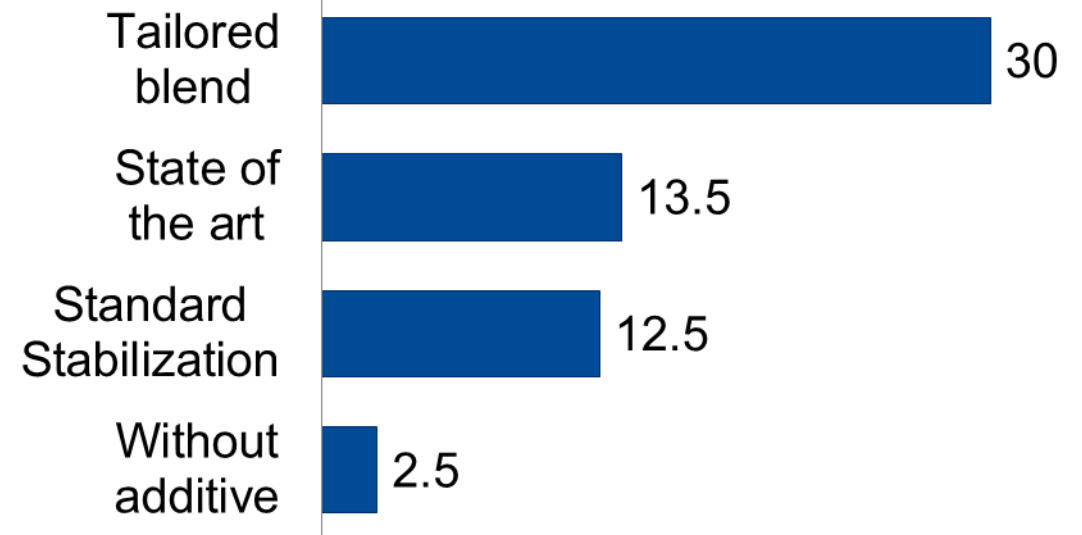


Preservation of color during application

Color development of hot melt formulations

| hrs at 177°C | Without additive | Standard stabilization | State of the art blend | Tailored blend for HMA |
|--------------|---|---|--|---|
| 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 16 |  |  |  |  |
| 24 |  |  |  |  |

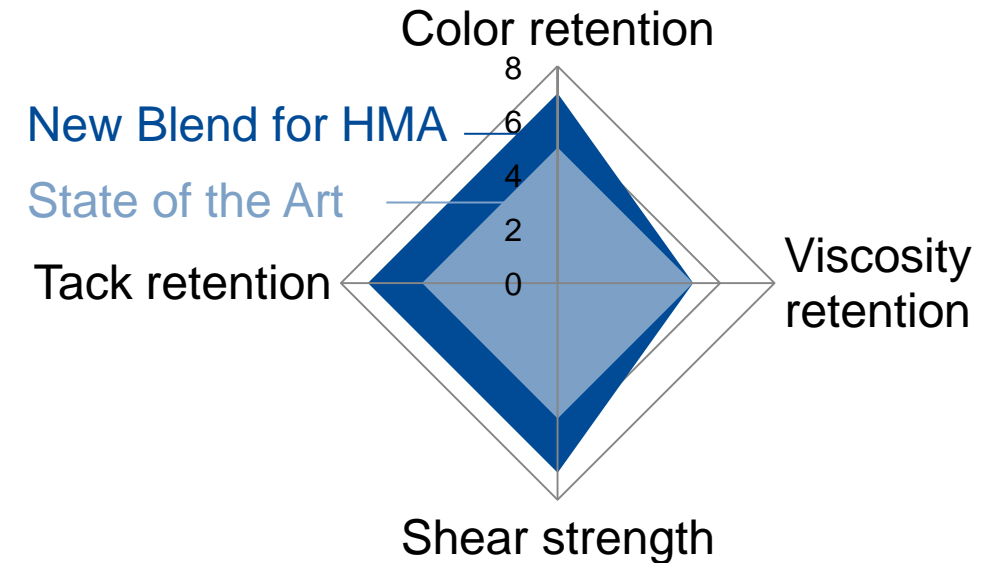
Gardner Color acc. ASTM D 6166
Hours to Gardner Color No. 12



Long term color retention enables longer usage times

BASF additives help you to achieve your target

- Degradation impacts
 - ▶ Color
 - ▶ Viscosity
 - ▶ Tack
- All parameters to be considered for selection of best additive package
- Focus on tack as selection criteria enables better stabilization



Remarks:

1. Artificial units
2. Higher numbers indicate better performance

Stabilizers tailored to hot melt adhesive compositions improve retention of adhesive properties

150 years



We create chemistry